

PURITY CYLINDER GASES INC.

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(NIGHT)

ISSUE DATE

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TRACE NAME AND SYNONYMS Acetylene, Ethyne, Ethine

MW: 26.04

CHEMICAL NAME AND SYNONYMS Acetylene, Ethyne, Ethine

FORMULA **AFVISIONS** Rev: 1 June 1990

C₂H₂

CHEMICAL FAMILY

Alkynes CAS#74-86-2

HEALTH-HAZARO DATA

EXPOSURE LIMITS

OSHA: None established. ACGIH: Simple Asphyxiant. Acetylene is not listed as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA.

SYMPTOMS IF INGESTED, CONTACTED WITH SKIN, OR VAPOR INHALED

Symptoms such as headaches, dizziness, shortness of breath, and loss of consciousness may occur if the das is present in quantities sufficient to dilute the oxygen concentration in air. Symotoms of anoxia occur only when the gas concentrations are within the flammable range and the mixture has not ignited. (DO NOT ENTER AREAS WITHIN THE FLAMMABLE RANGE DUE TO THE IMMEDIATE FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD.) Use a suitable flammable gas meter (explosimeter) calibrated for acetylene to measure concentrations of gas in the air.

TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

Acetylene is a simple asphyxiant, imitant, and anesthetic. About 100 mg per liter may be tolerated for 0.5-1.0 hour. There is no experimental evidence of chronic harmful effects.

RECOMMENDED FIRST AID TREATMENT

First degree and minor second degree thermal burns from fires should be immersed in cool water for 30 minutes. Major second and third degree burns should be covered in the cleanest material available. Seek immediate aid of a physician. Persons suffering from lack of oxygen should be moved to areas with normal atmosphere. Assisted respiration and supplemental oxygen should be given if the victim is not breathing.

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT (Meimod used) AUTO IGNITION TEMP FLAMMABLE LIMITS UEL -581F (305C) OF (-18C) (CC) 2.5% 100% tn air @ 1 atm

EXTRIGUISHING MEDIA

Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, Halon

ELECTRICAL CLASSIFICATION

GROUP Class In Group A

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Stop gas flow and fight fire conventionally. Use water spray to keep cylinders or other containers cool if exposed to fire. Keep persented well away since containers can rupture violently when exposed to fire. For additional information, see Compressed Gas. Association Safety Bulletin SB-4.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

ACETYLENE IS EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE AND EXPLOSIVE. IT MAY DECOMPOSE VIOLENTLY IN ITS FREE STATE UNDER PRESSURE IN EXCESS OF 15 PSIG. It burns with an intensely hot flame. Potential explosion hazard exists from reignition if fire is extinguished without shutting off acetylene source, Ignites very easily due to low minimum ignition energy; very wide flammable limits. Acetylene gas has an approximate specific gravity of 1.0 and tends to stay in pockets rather than dissipate.

PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING POINT ("F.) @ 1 atm - 119.2F (-84.0C) FREEDING POINT (*9)

SOLUBILITY IN WATER

@ 1 atm -113.4F (-80.8C)

VAPOR PRESSURE (DSIAL)

@ 62.2F (16.8C) 590 osia (40 atm)

@ 64F (18C), 1 atm 1.0 CuFt/CuFtH2O

VAPOR DENSITY (IDEA) III @ 68F (20C), 1 atm 0.0681 SPECIFIC GRAVITY (AIR = 1) @ 68F (20C), 1 atm 0.906 ווז נטעון ארופאפס סועבט a = -116F(-82C). 1 atm 38.76

SPECIFIC GPAVITY (H₌O = 1) @ -116F (-62C).

1 atm 0.621

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			REACTIVITY DAT	TA
STABILITY	UNSTABLE	X		de the cylinder at pressures in excess of 15 psig. Avoic liners of acetylene. Never expose cylinder or acetylene
salts, Potassium, Silv	ygen, and halo er and Silver s	gens. Fo	rms explosive compounds wit HNO3.	h copper, brass, copper salts, Mercury, and Mercur
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION Acetylene will decom	PRODUCTS DOSE INTO Eleme	ental cart	bon and hydrogen under the a	above conditions.
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION	MAY OCCUR	1	CONDITIONS TO AVOID	
	WILL NOT OCCUR	i x	None known	•
	•	SI	PILL OR LEAK PROCE	EDURES
mable atmosphere. C	ent flammable r	nixture fr	om forming. Remove sources	of ignition, heat, sparks, etc. Avoid entering area of flam, , outdoor location. Contact Air Products for assistance.
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD Do not attempt to dis	pose of residua	d gas in	cylinders. Return cylinders to	Air Products for disposal.
Total			IAL PROTECTION INF	***************************************
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION (S Oxygen-deficient atmi		the flam	nmable range. DO NOT ENTE	R. Air purifying respirators will not function.
VENTICATION Natural or mechanica where gas is present.	· I			Mechanical ventilation for enclosed storage areas must meet National Electrical Code requirements for Class 1, Group A
		AL (General)		OTHER
	As nec	<u>`</u>	led for handling. Welders glov	As necessary es required for cutting and weiding operations.
Safety glasses are rec	commended for	handling	g cylinders. Welder goggles, e	etc., required for cutting and welding.
other protective equipment Leather sleeves, leath		ther star	ndard protective equipment for	r cutting and welding.
	:		SPECIAL PRECAUTION	ONS*
SPECIAL LABELING INFORMATI DOT Shipping Name: I.D. Number: UN 100	Acetylene, DO	T Hazaro	d Class: Flammable Gas. DO	Shipping Label: Flammable Gas.
reducing regulator set an acetylene cylinder and cylinder valve clos tional handling recom	ted areas. Acen at less than 15 to heat. Always sed. Avoid drag mendations on	psig. Alw open and ging, rolli	vays keep acetylene cylinders d close acetylene valves slowl ing, or sliding cylinders, even	ressure and should be handled with care. Use a pressure upright and secure cylinders when in use. Never expose, Return cylinders to Air Products with positive pressure for a short distance. Use a suitable hand truck. For addition pressed Gas Association Pamphlet P-1.
Storage of 2500 cubic ventilated special room	feet or less is	permissil Keen cyli	ble within buildings. Storage in	n excess of 2500 cubic feet must be outdoors or in well

accidental knocking over or damage from passing or falling objects. Valve caps should remain on cylinders not connected for use. Segregate full and empty cylinders. Keep acetylene cylinders storage areas away from storage of oxygen and other oxidizers. Storage areas should be free of combustible material. Avoid exposure to areas where salt or other corrosive chemicals are present. Store acetylene cylinders with the valve end up. See Compressed Gas Association Pamphlet P-1 and National Fire Protection Association Standard No. 51 for additional storage recommendations.

SPECIAL PACKAGING RECOMMENDATIONS

Acetylene is packed in cylinders meeting DOT specifications 8 or 8AL. The cylinder contains a porous filler saturated with acetone. The acetylene stored in the cylinder is dissolved in acetone. A full cylinder should not exceed 250 psig @ 70F.

OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS OR PRECAUTIONS

Acetylene cylinders should be stored and used in an upright position. When using acetylene, close the cylinder valve before shutting off the regulator to permit the gas to bleed from the regulator. Avoid hazardous mixtures and sources of ignition. Formation of explosive copper acetylides can be avoided by using copper alloys proved successful through use in industry. Compressed gas cylinders should not be refilled except by qualified producers of compressed gases. Shipment of a compressed gas cylinder filled without the permission of the owner is a violation of Federal Law.

Various Government agencies fi.e., Department of Transportation, Occupational Safety and Health Administration, Food and Drive Administration and others) may have specific regulations concerning the transportation, handling, storage or use of this product whi will not be reflected in this data sheet. The customer should review these regulations to ensure that s/he is in full compliance.