



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product number 1000004842
Product identifier **STAINLESS STEEL POLISH & CLEANER (OIL BASE)**
Company information Claire Manufacturing Co.
1005 S. Westgate Drive
Addison, IL 60101 United States
Company phone General Assistance 1-630-543-7600
Emergency telephone US 1-866-836-8855
Emergency telephone outside US 1-952-852-4646
Version # 01
Recommended use CLEANER
Recommended restrictions None known.

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable aerosols Category 1
Health hazards Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects
Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard Category 3
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard Category 3
OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger
Hazard statement Extremely flammable aerosol. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statement
Prevention Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid breathing gas. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear eye/face protection.
Response If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) None known.
Supplemental information None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

| Chemical name | Common name and synonyms | CAS number | % |
|---|--------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light | | 64742-47-8 | 20 - 40 |
| White Mineral Oil | | 8042-47-5 | 20 - 40 |
| Acetone | | 67-64-1 | 10 - 20 |
| Propane | | 74-98-6 | 10 - 20 |
| Methyl Acetate | | 79-20-9 | 2.5 - 10 |
| Fragrance | | Proprietary | 0.1 - 1 |
| Odorless Mineral Spirits | | 64741-65-7 | 0.1 - 1 |
| D-Alpha Tocopherol (Vitamin E) | | 59-02-9 | 0.01 - 0.1 |

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

| | |
|---|---|
| Inhalation | Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. |
| Skin contact | Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. |
| Eye contact | Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. |
| Ingestion | Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. |
| Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed | May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. |
| Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed | Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed. |
| General information | Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. |

5. Fire-fighting measures

| | |
|--|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media | Powder. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemicals. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂). |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. |
| Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters | Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA. |
| Fire-fighting equipment/instructions | Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove container, if no risk is involved. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out. |
| Specific methods | Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. |
| General fire hazards | Extremely flammable aerosol. |

6. Accidental release measures

| | |
|--|---|
| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing gas. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. |
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. |

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage**Precautions for safe handling**

Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not re-use empty containers. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Level 3 Aerosol.

Store locked up. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Refrigeration recommended. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection**Occupational exposure limits****US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)**

| Components | Type | Value |
|------------------------------|------|------------|
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | PEL | 2400 mg/m3 |
| | | 1000 ppm |
| Methyl Acetate (CAS 79-20-9) | PEL | 610 mg/m3 |
| | | 200 ppm |
| Propane (CAS 74-98-6) | PEL | 1800 mg/m3 |
| | | 1000 ppm |

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

| Components | Type | Value |
|------------------------------|------|---------|
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | STEL | 750 ppm |
| | TWA | 500 ppm |
| Methyl Acetate (CAS 79-20-9) | STEL | 250 ppm |
| | TWA | 200 ppm |

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

| Components | Type | Value |
|------------------------------|------|------------|
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | TWA | 590 mg/m3 |
| | | 250 ppm |
| Methyl Acetate (CAS 79-20-9) | STEL | 760 mg/m3 |
| | | 250 ppm |
| | | 610 mg/m3 |
| Propane (CAS 74-98-6) | TWA | 200 ppm |
| | | 1800 mg/m3 |
| | | 1000 ppm |

Biological limit values**ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

| Components | Value | Determinant | Specimen | Sampling Time |
|-----------------------|---------|-------------|----------|---------------|
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | 50 mg/l | Acetone | Urine | * |

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

| | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Eye/face protection | Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). |
| Hand protection | Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. |
| Skin protection | |
| Other | Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. |
| Respiratory protection | If permissible levels are exceeded use NIOSH mechanical filter / organic vapor cartridge or an air-supplied respirator. |
| Thermal hazards | Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary. |

General hygiene considerations When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

| | |
|---|--|
| Appearance | Clear. |
| Physical state | Gas. |
| Form | Aerosol. |
| Color | Light yellow. |
| Odor | Citrus |
| Odor threshold | Not available. |
| pH | Not available. |
| Melting point/freezing point | Not available. |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | 62.28 °F (16.82 °C) estimated |
| Flash point | -156.0 °F (-104.4 °C) Propellant estimated |
| Evaporation rate | Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not available. |
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits | |
| Flammability limit - lower (%) | 2.5 % estimated |
| Flammability limit - upper (%) | 12 % estimated |
| Explosive limit - lower (%) | Not available. |
| Explosive limit - upper (%) | Not available. |
| Vapor pressure | 45 - 65 psig @70F estimated |
| Vapor density | Not available. |
| Relative density | Not available. |
| Solubility(ies) | |
| Solubility (water) | Not available. |
| Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) | Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | 488.23 °F (253.46 °C) estimated |
| Decomposition temperature | Not available. |
| Viscosity | Not available. |
| Other information | |
| Specific gravity | 0.765 - 0.865 estimated |

10. Stability and reactivity

| | |
|---|---|
| Reactivity | The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. |
| Chemical stability | Material is stable under normal conditions. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | Hazardous polymerization does not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials. |

| | |
|---|--|
| Incompatible materials | Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | No hazardous decomposition products are known. |

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Ingestion | Not available. |
| Inhalation | May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Narcotic effects. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. |
| Skin contact | No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected. |
| Eye contact | Causes serious eye irritation. |

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Narcotic effects.

| Components | Species | Test Results |
|--|------------|--|
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | | |
| Acute | | |
| <i>Dermal</i> | | |
| LD50 | Guinea pig | > 7426 mg/kg, 24 Hours > 9.4 ml/kg, 24 Hours |
| | Rabbit | > 7426 mg/kg, 24 Hours > 9.4 ml/kg, 24 Hours |
| <i>Inhalation</i> | | |
| LC50 | Rat | 55700 ppm, 3 Hours 132 mg/l, 3 Hours 50.1 mg/l |
| <i>Oral</i> | | |
| LD50 | Rat | 5800 mg/kg 2.2 ml/kg |
| Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light (CAS 64742-47-8) | | |
| Acute | | |
| <i>Dermal</i> | | |
| LD50 | Rabbit | > 2000 mg/kg > 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours |
| <i>Inhalation</i> | | |
| LC50 | Rat | > 7.5 mg/l, 6 Hours > 4.6 mg/l, 4 Hours |
| <i>Oral</i> | | |
| LD50 | Rat | > 5000 mg/kg |
| Methyl Acetate (CAS 79-20-9) | | |
| Acute | | |
| <i>Dermal</i> | | |
| LD50 | Rat | > 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours |
| <i>Inhalation</i> | | |
| LC100 | Rabbit | 98.4 mg/l, 4 Hours |
| <i>Oral</i> | | |
| LD50 | Rat | 6482 mg/kg |

| Components | Species | Test Results |
|-----------------------------------|---------|------------------------|
| Propane (CAS 74-98-6) | | |
| Acute | | |
| <i>Inhalation</i> | | |
| LC50 | Mouse | 1237 mg/l, 120 Minutes |
| | | 52 %, 120 Minutes |
| | Rat | 1355 mg/l |
| | | 658 mg/l/4h |
| White Mineral Oil (CAS 8042-47-5) | | |
| Acute | | |
| <i>Dermal</i> | | |
| LD50 | Rabbit | > 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours |
| <i>Inhalation</i> | | |
| LC50 | Rat | 2.18 mg/l, 4 Hours |
| <i>Oral</i> | | |
| LD50 | Rat | 5000.0001 mg/kg |

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

| | |
|---|--|
| Skin corrosion/irritation | Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation. |
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Respiratory or skin sensitization | |
| Respiratory sensitization | Not available. |
| Skin sensitization | This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization. |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic. |
| Carcinogenicity | This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA. |
| OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050) | |
| Not listed. | |
| Reproductive toxicity | This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects. |
| Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure | May cause drowsiness and dizziness. |
| Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure | Not classified. |
| Aspiration hazard | Not available. |
| Chronic effects | Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. |

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

| Product | Species | Test Results |
|---|---------|---|
| STAINLESS STEEL POLISH & CLEANER (OIL BASE) (CAS Mixture) | | |
| Aquatic | | |
| Algae | IC50 | Algae |
| | | 1283.3676 mg/L, 72 Hours estimated |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Daphnia |
| | | 8543.2627 mg/L, 48 Hours estimated |
| Fish | LC50 | Fish |
| | | 8.2044 mg/L, 96 Hours estimated |
| Components | Species | Test Results |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | | |
| Aquatic | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Water flea (Daphnia magna) |
| | | 21.6 - 23.9 mg/l, 48 hours |
| Fish | LC50 | Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) |
| | | 4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours |

| Components | Species | Test Results |
|--|---------|--|
| Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light (CAS 64742-47-8) | | |
| Aquatic | | |
| Fish | LC50 | Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) 2.9 mg/l, 96 hours |
| Methyl Acetate (CAS 79-20-9) | | |
| Aquatic | | |
| Algae | IC50 | Algae 120.0001 mg/L, 72 Hours |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Daphnia 1026.7 mg/L, 48 Hours |
| Fish | LC50 | Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 295 - 348 mg/l, 96 hours |
| Odorless Mineral Spirits (CAS 64741-65-7) | | |
| Aquatic | | |
| Algae | IC50 | Algae 30000 mg/L, 72 Hours |
| White Mineral Oil (CAS 8042-47-5) | | |
| Aquatic | | |
| Fish | LC50 | Fish 10000.0001, 96 Hours |

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

| | |
|----------------|-------|
| Acetone | -0.24 |
| Methyl Acetate | 0.18 |
| Propane | 2.36 |

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

US RCRA Hazardous Waste U List: Reference

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) U002

Waste from residues / unused products Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. Transport information

DOT

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| UN number | UN1950 |
| UN proper shipping name | Aerosols, flammable |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | 2.1 |
| Subsidiary risk | - |
| Label(s) | 2.1 |
| Packing group | Not applicable. |
| Special precautions for user | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| Special provisions | N82 |

Packaging exceptions 306
Packaging non bulk None
Packaging bulk None

This product meets the exception requirements of section 173.306 as a limited quantity and may be shipped as a limited quantity. Until 12/31/2020, the "Consumer Commodity - ORM-D" marking may still be used in place of the new limited quantity diamond mark for packages of UN 1950 Aerosols. Limited quantities require the limited quantity diamond mark on cartons after 12/31/20 and may be used now in place of the "Consumer Commodity ORM-D" marking and both may be displayed concurrently.

IATA

UN number UN1950
UN proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)
Class 2.1
Subsidiary risk -
Label(s) 2.1
Packing group Not applicable.
Environmental hazards No.
ERG Code 10L
Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information
Passenger and cargo aircraft Allowed.
Cargo aircraft only Allowed.
Packaging Exceptions LTD QTY

IMDG

UN number UN1950
UN proper shipping name AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)
Class 2.1
Subsidiary risk -
Label(s) 2.1
Packing group Not applicable.
Environmental hazards
Marine pollutant No.
EmS F-D, S-U
Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Packaging Exceptions LTD QTY

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

DOT





General information IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes
Delayed Hazard - No
Fire Hazard - Yes
Pressure Hazard - Yes
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
Methyl Acetate (CAS 79-20-9)
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Methyl Acetate (CAS 79-20-9)

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Methyl Acetate (CAS 79-20-9)

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

US. California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

International Inventories

| Country(s) or region | Inventory name | On inventory (yes/no)* |
|-----------------------------|--|------------------------|
| Australia | Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) | Yes |
| Canada | Domestic Substances List (DSL) | Yes |
| Canada | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) | No |
| China | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) | Yes |
| Europe | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) | Yes |
| Europe | European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) | No |
| Japan | Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) | Yes |
| Korea | Existing Chemicals List (ECL) | No |
| New Zealand | New Zealand Inventory | No |
| Philippines | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) | No |
| United States & Puerto Rico | Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory | Yes |

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 01-19-2015

Version # 01

Disclaimer The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.